

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCACTIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, of R. A. M., are held at Masonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All returning companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the E. M. P. Justit L. L. CROCKETT, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, NO. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet at their Hall, east side of Virginia street, Reno, every Wednesday evening at 8:00 o'clock. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend. J. V. PEERS, N. G. JOHN BOWMAN, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE, NO. 19, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over the Congregational Church, every Thursday evening. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend. F. VALLANCOURT, N. G. D. B. BOYD, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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No. 8.

I. O. O. F.,

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INVITATION COMMITTEE:

J. J. Becker, John Bowman, D. B. Boyd

RECEPTION COMMITTEE:

E. L. Crockett, G. W. Mayers, J. B. Williams, W. D. Wagar, E. Vallancourt.

LOOR MANAGER:

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AN INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS PROPOSED.

Senator Frye of Maine presents a bill to secure a Congress of most of the independent nations of our western hemisphere. He proposes that it be held in Washington. The various countries of Central America including Mexico, of South America, and of the West Indies, are to be invited to be represented at our National Capital by delegates, who may come a score in number if they please, and confer together as to the mutual interests of the peoples of America. Every nation, however, is to give but a single vote in the final decisions. The objects to be sought by their deliberations are a concerted opposition to any scheme of subjugation by any European nation; a closer intimacy between these western nations; the adoption of a common valuation of silver, and the establishment of lines of steamships to secure direct and larger trade.

The various representatives thus coming from the countries indicated will be the guests of our country, and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is to be appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the President and the Secretary of State for their entertainment. Of course, adds an Eastern paper, everybody knows that in spite of our contiguity to South America and Central America a large share of the raw materials of those lands go to Europe. The manufactures needed for the convenience and use of their inhabitants are also obtained from that continent. Notwithstanding we could furnish goods of equal excellence, ours are unequalled for, and we purchase our supplies, coffee, hides, and a score of other articles, from those regions through foreign factors. And a point connected with our currency deserves consideration. All or nearly all of these nations use silver exclusively; they would be glad to have a common coin of fixed value; and yet our country, while likely to have a large surplus of silver for exportation, pays for the products it obtains from these neighboring nations by bills on London, for which it must export gold. Senator Frye thinks, indeed, that we could find a market for a hundred millions of silver annually.

This scheme of Senator Fry's, at first blush, seems eminently reasonable. It is in the line of a policy favored by some of our older statesmen sixty years ago. We do not recollect the details of the plan suggested by Henry Clay, when Secretary of State under John Quincy Adams, but have an impression that it also contemplated a congress of the nations of Central America and the northern part of South America. Party venom was so bitter in those days however, that it seemed enough for one party to propose a policy to array against it the other party. Perhaps indeed, Mr. Clay's scheme was premature, but the invention of steamships and the railroad, and the twin invention of the telegraph, have almost broken down the barriers to national intercourse. South America is no longer a realm of another world, but can be brought almost to our doors. And so great has been the development of manufacturing in our land, so urgent is the demand for new markets, that we can hardly think of an objection that can be offered to the suggested congress.

The Oregon Republican State Committee met Wednesday. All the counties except five were represented. The date of the State Convention was fixed for Wednesday, April 28th, in Portland. As the election occurs Monday, June 7th, it will give a campaign of a little over five weeks. The following officers are to be elected this year: Congressman, one Judge of the Supreme Court, Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction and State Printer.

Frederick Douglass has sent to the President his resignation of the office of Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia.

SENATOR PAYNE.

The Ohio Republicans to Make Things Lively for Him.

COLUMBUS, (O.), March 3.—It is no longer a secret with the Republican members of the Legislature that the present investigation into the election of Senator Payne by the House Special Committee is for the purpose of laying sufficient evidence before the United States Senate to justify that body in making an investigation which will be more thorough and extend to more important parties than can be reached by the present committee. Captain Cogswill, Chairman of the committee, stated to-day that he did not think they would get through for at least two weeks, as there are new and startling developments every day which call for further inquiry. He says they are perfectly satisfied with what has been discovered, and they could make a recommendation on that alone, but that something more startling than any previous testimony will be forthcoming within the next week. It was learned from him that they have been engaged in the work of tracing the cash payments which were made at the time of the Senatorial election through the banks. He names John Huntington, who had to go to Cuba to escape the investigation, and said the United States Senate would make others, whom the present committee could not reach, either follow him or go to Europe. In reply to a question whether the United States Senate would investigate the matter, he said: "They will undoubtedly be asked to do so, and of course will act on the recommendation. Payne is getting enlightened, and I have it from the most reliable authority in Washington that he is very desirous of resigning, but they will not let him do that. They will investigate his case, and if they find as much evidence as we have, they will compel him to go, and not allow him to slip away without having his disgrace published."

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Senator Payne said to-day that he was not in any way concerned regarding the statement from Columbus that the Legislature would, within the next fortnight furnish proof that his election had been gained by corruption and fraud. He said: "I did not spend a dollar to insure my election. I did not authorize any one else to do so. If the members of the Legislature were bribed to vote for me, it was not done with my knowledge or consent. My conscience is perfectly clear on that point, and no one can be more indifferent to the result of the investigation than I." The Senator ridicules the idea that he contemplates resigning his seat.

The San Francisco Collectors.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Senate, in executive session, to-day, adopted a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for the papers in the case of ex-Senator John S. Hager, who was appointed Collector of the Port of San Francisco, to succeed W. H. Sears, suspended. Hager's nomination was referred to the Commerce Committee several weeks ago, and it has not been acted upon in common with other nominations of this class, pending the settlement of the controversy between the Senate and the President. Collector Sears comes under the list of persons removed for "cause," and having no means of ascertaining the nature of the charges made against him, and refuting them, the Senate has undertaken an investigation of the case. It is understood here that the charges against Collector Sears is that under his administration of the customs services in San Francisco, Chinese were permitted to land upon fraudulent certificates, with the connivance and knowledge of Custom-House officers. Collector Sears' friends say that if frauds were perpetrated by subordinates in the office of the Surveyor of the Port, Collector Sears had no knowledge of them, and was removed upon unjust grounds without an opportunity to defend himself.

Dr. Pope, Senator Miller's physician, states that the Senator's condition is constantly improving, and that he hopes he will be able to ride out within a few days. It is good news to the Senator's friends, although there is no prediction as to when General Miller will be sufficiently recovered to be able to resume his seat in the Senate.

General Terry.

Brigadier-General Alfred H. Terry, whose nomination for Major-General to succeed General Hancock was sent to the Senate, ranks relatively as second on the list of Brigadier-Generals. His senior is General Oliver O. Howard, who was appointed to the rank as Brigadier from December 21, 1864. General Terry was appointed on January 15, 1865, so that there is not a month's difference in favor of the former's seniority. General Terry is a native of Connecticut, and first entered the service May 7, 1861, as Colonel of the Second Connecticut Infantry; honorably mustered out in August, 1861, re-entered as Colonel of the Seventh Connecticut Infantry in September, 1861, promoted to be Brigadier-General Volunteers, April, 1862, breveted Major-General Volunteers, August 24, 1864, for "meritorious and distinguished services during the war" appointed full Brigadier-General, United States Army January 15, 1865, and Major-General Volunteers, March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious services in the capture of Wilmington, N. C." January 24, 1865, received the thanks of Congress "for unsurpassed gallantry and skill exhibited in the attack upon Fort Fisher, and the brilliant and decisive victory which placed that important work in the possession of the United States." He was honorably mustered out as Major-General of Volunteers September 1st, 1866, being among the last of the volunteer officers retained in service after the war. Since that period he has held commands in accordance with his rank, and for years has commanded the Department of Dakota, with headquarters at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. He is an officer of recognized ability, and his advancement over General Howard shows his popularity and worth. General Terry has always been a Republican in politics.

Accusations Against the New Governor of Alaska.

A Washington dispatch of the 3d reads as follows: Serious charges have been made against Governor Swineford of Alaska, whose nomination is pending before the Committee on Territories, based upon a report made to the Governor of Michigan by F. W. Carroll, who was associated with Swineford as Commissioner to the New Orleans Exposition from that State. Carroll makes a detailed disbursement of money that was appropriated by the State for its display at the Exposition, so far as his own connection with such disbursements went, but says that the money unaccounted for was expended by Governor Swineford, from whom he was never able to secure a statement, although he frequently asked for one. Governor Algar has directed the Attorney-General of Michigan to look into the matter and take such action as is necessary to secure a statement. The committee will call upon the Secretary of the Interior for the correspondence that has been carried on between the department and Swineford regarding his accounts as Governor. He was appointed in May, but did not reach Alaska until October. Under the law his salary did not commence until he reached the seat of Government in Alaska, but while he was in San Francisco, en route, he made a draft upon the Treasury for compensation from the date of his appointment, which the Controller refused to pay, and Swineford not being able to make the draft good in San Francisco was involved in an embarrassment that has given him much trouble and Secretary Lamar a great deal of annoyance. It is also charged that Swineford wrote his annual report upon the condition of Alaska and sent it to the Interior Department before he was within 2,500 miles of Alaska.

Chief Secretary for Ireland John Morley follows Mr. John Bright's example and refuses to wear a court dress on State occasions. Whether the Queen will receive him in ordinary civilian dress is a question which Her Majesty will have no difficulty in settling. Mr. Morley's determination is not regarded everywhere as wise, but it pleases many of his friends and is praised by the Irish members as a democratic action in harmony with the attitude assumed by the Government with regard to Ireland.

HIGH PRICES FOR LAND.

The San Francisco Chronicle very properly remarks:

Surprise is often expressed at the comparative slowness with which the population of California increases. When the climate is compared with that of the States east of the great divide, and the wonderful possibilities of the soil are taken into consideration, with the vast area of rich land lying ready for the plow in the interior valleys, needing no clearing or other preparation to fit it for cultivation, it seems indeed strange that the work of settling the State should be progressing so slowly. Other States, like Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska and Dakota, are being populated at a rapid rate, and vacant lands there within reasonable distance of railroad communication are eagerly sought for by the constant tide of emigration pouring out of the Eastern cities and from the overcrowded countries of Europe.

People may wonder at the slow growth of California by comparison with the States mentioned, but a little inquiry will serve to explain the matter. Primarily, of course, one of the principal causes for this disparity in the rate of growth lies in the fact of the greater distance of our location, and the corresponding increase in the cost of travel to this State. This, however, is by no means the principal drawback, since it has for a long time been possible to make the trip from Havre to San Francisco for about \$65, while the greater portion of the settlers here to-day have paid little more than that in coming from extreme Eastern points. The long trip and its comparatively heavy cost have had, of course, a deterrent effect, but the drawback beside which that mentioned sinks into insignificance is the outrageously high price at which most of the land offered in small tracts has been and is held by the original owners.

It is an absolute fact that much of the land now being sold here nets its sellers a profit of 2,000 to 3,000 per cent., and often even more. Land which originally cost \$1 25 to \$2 50 per acre is held at \$200 to \$100 and sales are frequently made at those prices.

When such rates are protested against one is immediately met with an array of figures showing the profits that may possibly be realized from careful cultivation of the same, and from an exceptionally favorable condition of the market. It is of course proper to take into consideration to a certain extent the capabilities of the soil that is offered for sale, but when this leads to demanding two or three hundred times as much for the land as it originally cost it seems altogether too much like discounting the future at a most ruinous rate.

In those sections where irrigation is practiced the assertion is frequently made that it is not the land that brings the high price, but the water. Let us inquire into this matter. Experience shows that the cost of securing a water supply and constructing ditches to lead it upon a given tract of land varies widely, according to location. In Colorado, where the irrigation works are on a large scale, the cost is from \$5 to \$6 per acre. In Kansas it is but \$2 50. In Kern, Fresno and Tulare counties the cost of putting water upon some very large tracts was from \$2 50 to \$4 per acre. In some parts of Southern California, where extensive systems of fluming and piping have been necessary, and the area to be irrigated is comparatively small, the cost has been as high as \$40 per acre. A fair average would not be over \$10. The greater portion of irrigable land now in the market in this State did not cost its owners over \$2 50 an acre at the most, yet in the majority of cases from \$150 to \$300 is the price at which it is held to settlers, when \$50 to \$75 would give a profit of 400 to 600 per cent. on the investment.

There are, of course, persons who are able to pay such disproportionate prices, else they could not be maintained. But where one can afford such an outlay there are a hundred would-be settlers of moderate means who cannot do so, and hence they are compelled to look elsewhere for land.

A marked instance of the fictitious price of land is afforded now in Northern California. Great interest has been awakened by the recent citrus fair in that part of the State, and there is considerable inquiry for small tracts for experimental purposes. The cutting up of several large ranches is projected, and is a commendable idea. But when such land is offered for \$100 an acre, where before it could not find a purchaser at \$25 or less, the injustice is apparent. What California needs to attract settlers, in any number is land owners who are satisfied with say 200 or 300 per cent. profit, and do not wish to become wealthy in a day in trading upon the necessities or ignorance of new comers. The greater portion of those who would like to make their homes here are staggered when confronted by a demand of \$100 and more per acre for land which, in many instances, never yet saw the plow.

There should be no lack of opportunity for securing land at \$25 to \$50 an acre on long time, so as to give the purchaser a chance to pay at least a part of the purchase price from the products of the soil so bought. The landholders of Colorado fully appreciate the importance of this encouraging immigration, and an abundance of land, with ample

water rights, may be had here on easy terms for \$10 to \$50 an acre. This is as it should be, and until Californians are willing to pattern after this example it will be years before any such ratio of progress can be shown here as is presented by those States where moderate land value prevails.

What is wanted in this State is opportunities where the men of small capital, from \$1,000 to \$2,000 can settle on small tracts, set out vines and trees, doing all their own work, and be reasonably secure of an income within a short time. At present prices a settler needs all the way from \$5,000 to \$20,000 in order to make anything like a start. But if California waits for men with that amount of capital to come here in any number it will take many decades to show a degree of growth that five years would develop were land values anywhere near what they should be.

What Will be Done With the Men Whom the Senate Rejects.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The future action of the President in regard to filling the offices made vacant by the Senate's refusal to confirm the appointments to their places is subject to much comment here. If Cleveland does not make a second appointment to fill these offices the men who were removed, unless their terms have expired in the mean time, take the places again. Henley said to-day that in his opinion the only thing the President could do to maintain his position is to reappoint the men who have been rejected after the Senate has adjourned. If that course was adopted such appointees would hold until they were again rejected by the next session of the Senate. But Henley's opinion is not shared by others. The general impression is that the action of the Senate in withholding its consent will make the President more cautious than he has been in the past.

Private Secretaries of Senators.

Senat or Riddleberger's resolution calling upon Senators to state who are their actual Private Secretaries, fell like a bombshell in the Senate Wednesday. Several newspaper men claim to be Private Secretaries, and in this way have access to the floor of the Senate to the disadvantage of other journalists. Several of the Senators have their sons as Private Secretaries, and allow newspaper men the privilege of the floor. The resolution meets with the hearty approbation of the journalists, except those who it may exclude hereafter.

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed the nomination of Collector Haddon, of New York. He was appointed to fill a vacancy caused by the expiration of the term of J. Robertson, and no objection was made to his confirmation.

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TOWN AND COUNTY.

BREVITIES.

Mrs. S. M. Fassett has returned from California.

J. F. Alexander returned from Austin last night.

There is nearly a foot of new snow on the Summit.

Harry Cresswell, of Austin, was a passenger for the Bay last night.

S. W. Bowman, of Yankee Jims, is looking after his interests in Reno.

Governor Adams came down from Carson last night going out to Austin and Belmont.

Don't forget to secure seats for "May Blossom," and if you desire a good entertainment be quick about it.

Gen. Chas. Forman came down from Virginia last night on the way to Washington and New York via the Southern route.

The prices of limited tickets was cut for a second time Thursday to the following figures: Chicago, \$25; New York, \$40; Boston, \$42.

The following Postmasters have been commissioned for this State: James L. Porter, Deeth; Joseph Hill, Lovelock's; Stephen S. Truman, Park Cannon.

Big house for "May Blossom" tonight. If our theater-goers do not patronize such a play as this they do not deserve to have a good theatrical performance for years.

J. J. Cambers, of Wadsworth, has been awarded the contract for carrying the U. S. mail between that place and Stillwater, Churchill county, for the four years commencing July 1st.

Twenty-six members of the United States Senate are said to favor woman suffrage, but twenty times that number favor buying their stationery, paints and oils of C. J. Brookins.

The Eastern bound train yesterday morning had two sections—the first having six car-loads of oranges and five car-loads of emigrants, and the second section eight cars of passengers, mail, etc.

Mexico has discontinued the coinage of nickels, and has come down to a copper basis. In San Francisco even the nickel is rather despised, because everybody feels flush. The knowledge that it is easy to get a good lunch at Geo. Becker's add wonderfully to a man's financial cheerfulness.

The Grand Jury came into Court yesterday forenoon and submitted a final report and were discharged for the term. The Jury presented three true indictments for grand larceny against the following persons: John Singleton, Effie Butler and Herman Kuenaid.

The laundry committee, consisting of Felton, Folsom and Stoddard, yesterday did a fine day's work. The subscribers to the stock paid up almost to a man, and those who asked for time did so because the money was not in their pockets. The community is virtually a unit on the proposition and the machinery will be ordered at once.

"MILLIONS IN IT."—Of the Carson river dredging project the Dayton News Reporter remarks: It is safe to say that the millions are there—for how and when they went there has often been figured out—but whether or not they can be fished out remains to be seen. Of quicksilver alone there are hundreds and hundreds of tons somewhere in the bed of the river, and wherever quicksilver shall be found there also will be found silver and gold.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.—Davis & Son, at the Postoffice, have just received a fresh lot of new cigar-, both domestic and imported, including the best and most popular brands. Also, new acccessions to their very extensive stock of tobacco. They guarantee perfect satisfaction both as to quality and price, having a large and varied assortment to select from. Their stock of pipes, snuff, goods and smokers' articles is not to be excelled.

THE ESMERALDA MINES.

A Cheerful Outlook for Liberal Silver Bullion Producers.

An old resident of Southwestern Nevada informs an Alta reporter that the mining outlook in Esmeralda county is better than it has been since the booming days of Aurora, when the Wide West and the Real del Monte stock brought the high Comstock figures, and when poor men were suddenly raised to millionaires. Sleepy old Aurora, the streets of which for years were deserted, has awakened and taken on new life. An English company has invested largely in the mines in and near Esmeralda's old county seat, and preparations are being made to work several of the lodes there on an extensive scale. That camp at one time showed some of the richest silver-bearing ore ever worked in Nevada. The Mount Corey, near Hawthorne, the present county seat of Esmeralda, is not being worked at present, but operations will probably be resumed in this fine mining property during the present season. The Mount Corey, owned by James C. Flood, has splendid reduction works on it, which cost upwards of \$300,000, and the leaching process was successfully used in treating the ores. The Lapanta mine, about ten miles from Hawthorne in an easterly direction, was recently purchased by an English company for \$450,000, and will be systematically worked. The Alta's informant stated that during the last six months English capitalists have invested \$200,000,000 in mining property in Esmeralda county.

THE COMSTOCK.—The Virginia Chronicle says:

The ore product of the Comstock mines has—now, and will for many years to come—exceeded 1,000 tons per day. The bullion product from the crushing of this ore adds nearly \$10,000,000 annually to the wealth of the world. The population of Storey county exceeds 10,000. Of this number over 2,000 are miners drawing \$4 per day or an average of \$22 per head for each inhabitant. This is at least four times the sum paid to the same number of wage workers in Chicago. The total bullion product of the Comstock exceeds \$400,000 in place of \$264,000,000, the amount stated by the Chicago Herald. The fate of the Comstock does not depend on any knife-blade streaks of ore in any particular mine. The Comstock lode is ten miles in length and contains within its boundaries mountains of low-grade ore too vast to be computed by tons. The waste from the crushing of ore that has flowed into the Carson river alone represents more wealth than all the pork-packing factories in the Queen city of the West.

GRAY HANGED.—Clarence Gray was legally hanged yesterday at Winnemucca. The Sheriff asked him if he had anything to say, when he spoke in a clear and distinct tone, three minutes, thanking his counsel for their efforts to save him. He said his friends had gone back on him; that his counsel's efforts were without a fee or reward; that he was not guilty and that he died for another man's crime, but it was now too late. The noose was adjusted, his arms and legs tied and the black cap pulled over his face. At 11:10 the Sheriff pulled the lever and the body dropped 5 feet. The legs were drawn up for a moment and then the body hung limp. At 11:13 he shuddered and at 11:15 the doctors pronounced him lifeless. His neck was broken by the fall. Prior to the execution he acknowledged that he had been feigning insanity.

SENATOR FAIR AT WORK.—The Virginia Chronicle of Thursday says:

In a private letter to a friend in this city, Senator Fair says that his delay in reaching the National Capital did not prove in any way detrimental to the interests of Nevada. Since he has taken his seat the Senator has devoted his whole attention to the interests of the Pacific Coast, and is now getting matters in a satisfactory shape for favorable legislation on the silver question, the restoration of the mail service to the old schedule time between points where it had been curtailed, and for the reopening of the Carson Mint. The Senator will visit the Comstock during the May recess.

DANBERG SERIOUSLY INJURED.—Last Thursday evening's Carson Tribune says: A report was received this morning that Hon. Fred Danberg, of Carson Valley, was seriously and perhaps dangerously injured at his ranch yesterday by a heavy piece of machinery falling across his body.

THE WATER JIG.—A water jig is being used at Eureka for the concentration of the fine dust and other waste from the smelters, and is spoken of as something new in Nevada. The same kind of jig, says the Dayton Reporter, was used at the old Central mill on the Comstock for a long time in early days for the concentration of low-grade ore. Such a jig works well on galena ores and has long been used for the concentration of the silver-lead ores in Germany. It is an apparatus that may be profitably used in countries where labor is cheap, and might be used to an advantage perhaps in this country by the owners of a small mine containing spots of rich ore so mingled with poor stuff as to make it a difficult thing to assort.

THE NEW PAPER.—The News Reporter is the expressive title of the new weekly journal, the first edition of which was published Thursday at Dayton, Lyon county, by J. E. Ridgeway, publisher. It is a well-printed, clean-looking twenty-four-column paper, containing a goodly amount of reading matter, original and selected, with well written editorials and local items, and a good showing of advertisements.

CHEAP TRAVELING.—A person can now travel from San Francisco to the Missouri river in five days in a first-class car for about a cent a mile, and in an emigrant car with bunks for about half a cent per mile. It took emigrants from four to six months to make the journey 25 years ago.

BI-METALLISTS.—The Nevada Silver Mining Company filed articles of incorporation in the San Francisco Clerk's office Thursday. Its mine is in Elko County. Capital stock \$10,000,000. Directors—Orrittenden Thornton, Thomas Whiteley, E. M. Hall, J. L. Browne, J. B. Dayton.

PLEASURE AND COMFORT COMBINED.—Coleman's Bath Room. Stove in each room to enable one to take a comfortable bath without catching cold in connection with the above establishment. First class barber shop. Three barbers in attendance.

For the very best photographs go to Dunham & Kelsey's new photo parlors, Plaza street, Reno, Nevada. N. B.—This establishment is all on the ground floor; no stairs to climb.

DUNHAM & KELSEY.
Now Cleveland Disappointed the Christian Soldier.

OMAHA (Neb.), March 3.—The announcement of the appointment of General Terry to fill the vacant Major-Generalship caused by General Hancock's death proved a great surprise and disappointment to General Howard, commanding the Department of the Platte. General Howard has felt very confident that he would be named as General Hancock's successor. When interviewed on the subject he said: The only reason I can see for General Terry receiving the preference over myself is his claim of seniority. I suppose the President has considered that claim, and concluded that he was entitled to the place. I have nothing further to say about the matter." General Howard now, of course, expects to be appointed to General Pope's place when that officer is relieved this month.

California State Mineralogist.

Professor Henry G. Hanks, State Mineralogist and custodian of the State Mining Bureau, intends to resign his position June 1st, on account of the magnitude of the work devolved upon him unaided. The care of the museum and the classification and arrangement of specimens, of which there are now 6,488 catalogued, leaves him no time to prepare the reports which he is required by law to make, or to answer the numerous letters he is in receipt of daily relating to minerals and the mining interests of the State, to say nothing of the examinations, tests, analyses and general laboratory work for which he is frequently called upon. He says the Legislature has persistently refused to make adequate appropriations for the museum.

Articles of impeachment have been reported against Patrick H. Laverly, Warden of the New Jersey State Prison, charging him with immoral conduct with female convicts.

TO THE LADIES OF RENO.—BUSINESS CHANGE.—Miss Sadie Sykes tenders her best thanks to the ladies of Reno and vicinity for the patronage and support they have given her for the past three years, and desires to inform them that she has this day disposed of her business to Mrs. Hessel, for whom she solicits a continuance of their kind patronage and support. Referring to the above Mrs. Hessel respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage so liberally accorded to her predecessor, and assures the ladies of Reno and vicinity that her untiring efforts will be put forth to keep the business up to its former high standard. Her knowledge of the business, combined with the services of a first-class assistant, will insure perfect satisfaction at all times. RENO, Nev. March 1, 1886.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Feb. 21-86-1yr

Nervous Debilitated Men.

You are allowed a free trial of thirty days of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, loss of Vitality Manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to health vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet by addressing Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall Mich.

UNION SALOON.

NORTHWEST CORNER OF VIRGINIA Second Streets.

C. C. CHASE, Proprietor.

The best quality of Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Fine Billiard and Pool Tables attached for the accommodation of guests.

Call and See Me.

PINNIGER & QUEEN,

DRUGGISTS.

—VIRGINIA STREET—

Reno, - - - - - Nevada

Agents for Fancill's

Celebrated Punch Cigars.

F. LEVY & BRO.

WE MEAN BY HOLDING OUR

Clearance Sale!

To dispose of as much as possible of our fine stock of

DRY GOODS, CARPETS

FANCY GOODS, AND CLOAKS.

STRICTLY FOR CASH!

At prices which will leave no doubt in the mind of the people that

We Mean Business.

F. LEVY & BRO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW-YORK.

NEVADA THEATER.
One Night Only!
SATURDAY, MARCH 6TH,
The Latest Madison Square success,
May Blossom!

BY THE
LEWIS MORRISON CO.,
—INTRODUCING—
Mr. LEWIS MORRISON,
SUPPORTED BY
MISS ROSE WOOD,
And a Powerful Company.

ORIGINAL SCENERY.
Wonderful Mechanical Effects.
USUAL PRICES.

No extra charge for reserved seats, now on sale at Thurston's news stand.

MONARCH SALOON,

WEST SIDE OF VIRGINIA STREET
RENO, NEV.,
H. J. THYES & CO., Proprietors.

Finest Wines, Liquors & Cigars
— AT THE BAR. —

Brunswick & Balke's Monarch Billiard and Pool Tables.

THE LEADING PAPERS ON FILE.

We have lately commenced the obbing of Wines and Liquors by the gallon, bottle or flask. Bitters, Champagnes and Bottled goods of all kinds, which we will sell lower than ever before sold in town. Call and become convinced.

F. LEVY & BRO.

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